**UNIT 5: MEDIA**

**Lesson 1: Listen and read (P.40,41,42)**

1. media (n): phương tiện truyền thông
2. cry (v): khóc → crier (n): người rao tin
3. adult (n): người trưởng thành
4. teenager (n): thanh thiếu niên
5. the latest news: tin mới nhất
6. thanks to: nhờ có
7. thanks for: cảm ơn về
8. channel (n): kênh (truyền hình)
9. wide (a): rộng → widen (v): nới rộng
10. view (v): quan sát → viewer (n): người xem truyền hình
11. vary (v): thay đổi → various (a): khác nhau → variety (n): sự đa dạng
12. interact (v): tương tác → interactive (a): ảnh hưởng, tác động
13. remote control (n): điều khiển từ xa
14. benefit (n) = advantage: lợi ích
15. available (a): có sẵn ≠ unavailable (a)
16. develop (v): phát triển → development (n): sự phát triển

 → developing (a): đang phát triển

 → developed (a): đã phát triển

Keys: (p.41)

**a. Complete the table with the passage letters in which these facts or events are mentioned.**

1. Remote controls are used to interact with TV. D

2. One of the most popular magazines. B

3. People of different ages like this magazine. B

4. Benefits of TV. C

5. People got the news from town cries. A

6. Interactive TV is available now. D

**b. Answer the questions.**

1. What was a town crier?

→ A town crier was a person whose job was to go through city streets ringing a bell to shout the latest news as he was walking.

2. How popular is the Kien Thuc Ngay Nay?

→ The Kien Thuc Ngay Nay is one of the most popular magazines and is widely read by both teenagers and adults.

3. What benefits does TV bring about to people’s life?

→ People can get the latest information and enjoy interesting and inexpensive local and international programs in a convenient way.

4. What kinds of magazines and newspapers do you read?

→ I read Tuoi Tre News.

5. What’s your favorite type of media? Why?

→ I like watching TV because it’s inexpensive and convenient for me to get information.

**Gerunds after some verbs:** enjoy, mind, avoid, practice, suggest, finish, dislike, deny, spend, give up,…

Ex: I enjoy traveling.

Ex: He’s just finished mending the car.

Ex: My grandfather dislikes watching TV.